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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

A band of a hundred native scouts has been organized by direction of General Lawton in the Philippines. —— An armed mob of two hundred men surrounded the court house at Johnson Springs, Va., and compelled a Mormon elder to withdraw a charge of assault against a white farmer; the mob liberated the prisoner. —— The Weather Bureau crop summary reports a large part of the country suffering from drought. —— Dr. Porter, of the Florida Board of Health, reports forty cases and five deaths from yellow fever at Key West. —— Dreyfus' counsel has asked the Emperor of Germany and the King of Italy to allow Col. Schwartzkoppen and Col. Panizzardi to testify before the court martial. —— Twenty-two of the Darien, Ga., rioters were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine and work on the chain gang for twelve months. —— Kid McCoy knocked out Goeffrey Thorn in the third round last night. —— The British cabinet council has been summoned for Friday to consider the Transvaal trouble; the Boers are said to be ready to assume the offensive on the first suspicious movement of the British troops. —— Dewey expresses a favorable opinion as to the outcome of the war in the Philippines. —— New York markets: Money on call was 3@5 per cent, last loan being at 3½ per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6¼c; flour was quiet and weak at 5@10c decline; wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 74½c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 39½c; oats—spot quiet, No. 2 white 26c; rosin quiet, strained common to good $1.27½@1.30; spirits turpentine dull at 47@47½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 5.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 77 degrees, 8 P. M., 78 degrees; maximum, 88 degrees; minimum, 77 degrees; mean, 82 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .0 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 1.5 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

The weather has been mostly clear throughout the cotton belt, with higher temperatures. Light local showers occurred over the Carolinas and Alabama.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—For North Carolina: Generally fair; continued warm Wednesday and Thursday; fresh winds, mostly southerly.

Port Almanac--Sept 6.

Sun Rises	5.38 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.19 P. M.
Day's Length	12 H. 41 M.
High Water at Southport	8.30 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	12.06 A. M.

In the District of Columbia rape is a bailable offence. In a good many other parts of the country it is an impromptu hanging offence if the fiend is caught.

Reading the criticisms in American newspapers makes General Otis so sick that his physician has advised him if he must read them, to do it by a discriminating proxy.

It is said that most of the war material shipped to the Boers has been supplied by British manufacturers. When it comes to business those British traders don't much care who is shot with the stuff they sell.

The tobacco chewers of the United States consume annually 185,000,000 pounds of plug and 12,000,000 pounds of fine-cut, and yet they make tart remarks about the girls for doing up about 20,000,000 pounds of chewing-gum.

Kansas City lumber men are given as authority for the statement that orders are pending for 500,000,000 feet of yellow pine timber, enough to keep a dozen big saw mills busy for two years, for Cecil Rhodes Cape to Cairo railroad in Africa.

Goats are rapidly taking the place of sheep on Iowa farms, the Angora having the preference. The goat is more persevering, assertive and self-confident than the sheep and, according to the butchers out in that country, make just as good "mutton."

The Transvaal Republic draws the color line pretty taut. There negroes are not allowed to walk on the streets in the towns, but are compelled to take "the middle of the road." One was recently fined $50 for walking on the sidewalk in Johannesburg.

Four persons in a Philadelphia family were recently poisoned and came near dying from eating toadstools, which they mistook for mushrooms. People who are fond of mushrooms and are not perfectly familiar with them should have the testimony of some expert before getting outside of anything that looks like them.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Mayor Waddell and Chief Parmele have temporarily suspended Policemen C. T. Snow and T. N. Simmons for conduct unbecoming an officer.

— The Norwegian barque *Elieser*, Capt. Andreassen, was cleared yesterday by Messrs. Heide & Co., with a cargo of 5,988 barrels rosin for Bristol. The cargo is by S. P. Shotter & Co., per Matt J. Heyer.

— The meeting of the Board of Managers of the City Hospital was postponed yesterday afternoon until Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The sickness of Dr. Bolles was the occasion for postponement.

— Mr. R. E. Pipkin, of Goldsboro, yesterday ran one of his personally conducted excursions from Goldsboro, Wilson and intermediate points to Richmond, Va. The fare for the round trip was only $2.50.

— The new city directory being published by the J. L. Hill Printing Co., of Richmond, is expected to be issued to the public about September 15th. All the data has been collected and forwarded to Richmond.

— Indications are that there will be a large attendance upon the dance at the Hanover Seaside Club on Carolina Beach to-night. There will be a late boat from the beach for the accommodation of attendants from the city.

— Work on the government wharf improvement at the foot of Princess street was resumed again yesterday morning but suspended yesterday afternoon. The want of material to prosecute the building appears to be the hindrance.

— Carpenters are engaged in placing a new floor in the sales room of the large dry goods emporium of Mr. A. D. Brown on Front street. The work is being done at night so as not to interfere with the regular patronage of the store during the day.

— There will be no 9.15 o'clock boat to Carolina Beach this morning on account of the *Wilmington's* having to wait for an excursion from Bennettsville, Fayetteville and intermediate points on the A. & Y. railroad, which is expected to arrive about 10.30 o'clock.

— The Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange did not hold their regular monthly meeting yesterday morning on account of the lack of a quorum. Col. Cantwell said there was nothing other than the regular routine of business to come before the board.

— Shade Hall and Wesley Poe, both colored, were before the Mayor yesterday morning for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. The first named was fined $5; the latter $10. They were arrested on Castle street the night previous by Policeman Leon George.

— Fishermen report that the catch of mullets since the recent hurricane has been very small as the fish were driven to sea by the high winds. They are, however, realizing handsomely on those that are secured, the price ranging from three to three and a half cents per pound with easy sales. Packers are making good sales at from $4 to $4.25 per barrel of 100 pounds.

— The attention of STAR readers is directed to the new advertisement of Mr. T. D. Love, wholesale grocer and commission merchant, No. 24 North Water street, Mr. Love has special inducements to offer the trade during the Fall and Winter months. He operates a steamer line on the river to Fayetteville in addition to his other business.

— The funeral of Mrs. Marinda Brittain, wife of Mr. B. F. Brittain, whose death was announced in yesterday's STAR, was held from the Chapel of the Good Shepherd yesterday morning at 10 o'clock by Rev. R. R. Windley. The interment was at Bellevue cemetery. The pall bearers were Messrs. W. A. Moore, R. J. Smith, A. Lockamy and Thomas Mason.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Cotton Mills—Notice.
T. D. Love—Cream bonbons.
Wescott & Stone—Waterground meal

Death of a Little Child.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Ellis have the warmest sympathy of friends in the death of their little daughter, Irene, which occurred yesterday morning about 2:30 o'clock at the tender age of two years and one month. Laryngitis was the cause of the little one's death. The funeral will be from the residence, No. 216 North Ninth street, at 10 o'clock this morning and the interment will be at Bellevue cemetery.

Meetings Postponed.

The annual meetings of the stockholders of the East Carolina Piscatorial Association and of the Onslow Land and Improvement Co., advertised to have been held here yesterday, were postponed until Wednesday, October 11th, at the hours of 10 A. M. and 12 M., respectively. Geo. H. Howell, Esq., is secretary of both organizations and the meetings will be held in his office, No. 5 Smith Building.

The Weather.

The Weather Bureau has sent out the following record of maximum temperature at the different observatories the Wilmington district for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 o'clock yesterday morning: Wilmington, 90; Charlotte, 94; Cheraw, 98; Florence, 93; Goldsboro, 93; Greensboro, 90; Lumberton, 92; Newbern, 95; Raleigh, 94; Weldon, 89; Average 93.

A MAMMOTH PLANT.

The Greatly Increased Capacity of the Champion Cotton Compress.

SPRUNT LINE OF STEAMSHIPS

Established to Ply From Wilmington to Various Foreign Ports — Will be Ten Vessels of Large Tonnage. Three Now Here.

At the Champion Compress plant which has their huge cotton compresses going at full speed, with a capacity of 4,000 bales per day, may be seen two large British steamers, the "*South Africa*" and the "*Ormsby*," loading for Europe, and flying a white burgee with the red letters, "Sprunt Line" at three mainmast head. Messrs Alex. Sprunt & Son told a member of the STAR staff yesterday that they have, after many years of experience in chartering cotton steamers, adopted a new method, which gives them absolute control of a number of suitable boats for as long a time as they can be used in their trade to and from foreign points.

They have hitherto worked at some disadvantage in chartering for only one voyage, and this has led them to establish their own line to Bremer, Liverpool, Genoa, Ghent and other European ports. These ships will be under their full control to return to Wilmington or to go to other ports at their option, and this new departure in the cotton business is another indication of the well known enterprise and foresight of this long established firm.

The *Aquila* now aground in Cape Fear river with inward cargo, is one of the Sprunt Line. It is to be hoped that she will meet with better luck after she is towed over to them here.

The "Sprunt Line" will comprise ten ocean steamships of large tonnage, which will ply between Wilmington and foreign ports regularly. Then there will be others which will be operated from time to time as the company may elect.

As noted in yesterday's STAR, the *Ormsby* was the first of the Sprunt line to arrive. The others are now on the high seas bound this way and are expected to arrive in rapid succession to receive cargoes of cotton.

Compress Greatly Improved.

The Champion Cotton Compress is, commercially speaking, the pride of Wilmington and its wonderful development under the direction of the Alexander Sprunt & Son Company, Mr. James Sprunt and his brother, Mr. W. H. Sprunt, contributes in a very large degree to Wilmington's business activity and commercial prosperity. It will be of interest to note some of the principal features of the improvements which have been made in the compress equipment during the past Summer and are now adding very greatly to the quantity and quality of the work and goes, in fact, to make what is conceded to be beyond doubt the best equipped cotton compress anywhere in the United States.

First and foremost another powerful hydraulic press has been added, making three powerful presses which operate within forty feet of the bows of the huge ocean steamers, as they lie at the pier to receive their cargoes of cotton, and compress 4,000 standard bales of cotton per day.

Absolute Weather Protection.

Then, too, the docks have been dredged to a depth of twenty-two feet, and five ocean steamships can be loaded simultaneously. All the piers are covered, so that ships can be loaded in all kinds of weather without damage to the cotton. The railroad platforms at the foot of Red Cross street have also been covered with substantial roofing, and this insures absolute protection to the cotton from the time it is received from the railroad trains until it is discharged from the steamships in foreign ports.

All wood foundations to presses and other parts of the machinery have been removed and solid masonry substituted.

Protection from Fire.

In the main buildings of the compress the old division doors have been changed to standard automatic fireproof doors, which close automatically under unusual heat, which melts the fuse and releases the doors, which fly across the space and make fireproof divisions. The building is also furnished throughout with automatic fire sprinklers, so that the risk by reason of fire damage in the mammoth compress is reduced to a minimum.

Other Advantageous Features.

Messrs. Sprunt have shops attached to their compress in which skilled mechanics make the cotton trucks, shears and other tools and necessary impliments, including stencels, etc.

They also have ample arrangements for coaling steamers with quick dispatch, a feature which is especially appreciated by ship owners.

The new hydranlic press works very smoothly and effectively and an previously stated, with the addition of this powerful machine the capacity of the plant is increased to 4,000 bales per day.

During the height of the cotton compressing season Messrs. Sprunt give employment to six hundred or more people, including the clerical force. They have only been running a few days, and have not yet reached their full capacity. Cotton is pouring into the city now, however, on every incoming freight train, and it is a question of only a few days when the compress will be running at full capacity, and, indeed, it is very probable that the presses may even be operated both day and night a little later on.

IMPORTANT MEETING OF CITY BOARD OF FINANCE.

Declare Against Excessive Cost of Patrol Service—Pest House Appropriation Disapproved—Other Matters.

The clerk was instructed at a meeting of the City Board of Audit and Finance yesterday afternoon, to inform the Mayor, Chief of Police and the livery firm of Messrs. S. P. Cowan & Co., that in the future no bills would be approved for hack hire in the police patrol department. The ground upon which such a measure is based is that the cost of such a patrol system is excessive. The bill for hack hire for the month of August was $24, while that of July was $14.50, and it was the auditing of these bills that gave rise to the sweeping action of the board. The city is at present, therefore, without a patrol wagon, but it is thought that if an appropriation is made by the Board of Aldermen for the purchase of the long needed patrol wagon, it will be readily allowed by the Finance board. Members of the board, at least contend that the purchase of such a wagon, to be drawn by an extra horse now in the fire department, would be cheaper than paying livery charges, which though reasonable enough are in the long run too expensive.

At the meeting yesterday afternoon Mr. H. C. McQueen, the chairman, presided, and Messrs. W. A. Riach and S. P. McNair were present.

Another astonishing feature of the board's deliberations yesterday afternoon was the refusal to concur in the action of the Board of Aldermen in the appropriation of $948 for the erection of pest houses, the contract for which has been awarded to Thad F. Tyler and the buildings nearly completed. Action was deferred in the matter of approval of the appropriation at the last meeting of the finance board, but the work was prosecuted by Mr. Tyler, despite the fact that there was a question about the payment of same by the city. As the matter at present stands, Mr. Tyler has the houses on his hands and there is a conflict of authority between the two boards.

Mr. W. R. Slocum, the city scavenger contractor, presented his bond in the sum of $400 with the American Bonding and Trust Company of Baltimore. It was not approved from the fact that it does not cover that provision of the contract relating to the payment of the privilege for the exclusive right granted. It appears from the contract that the privilege to be paid by Mr. Slocum is not a stipulated amount, as at first arranged, but that he agrees to pay one and one-half cents on each premise attended during the month, the same to be paid the first twelve days of the month following the month during which the service was rendered.

Bills for current expenses were audited to the amount of $5,829.30, and the action of the Board of Aldermen in electing the two extra health officers and in awarding the contract for removing the bell tower by Mr. Thad. F. Tyler was approved.

The meeting adjourned, subject to call of the chairman.

Company A, Boys' Brigade.

The following officers of Company A, Boys' Brigade of America, were elected at the regular business meeting Monday night:

Captain—Col. Walker Taylor.
First Lieutenant—E. P. Dudley.
Second Lieutenant—J. J. Loughlin.

Civil officers were elected as follows:

President—Albert Dosher.
Vice President—Thad Tyler, Jr.
Secretary—Ed Bender.
Treasurer—C. C. Loughlin.

A resolution of sympathy to Corporal Brittain in the death of his mother was unanimously adopted.

A new constitution and by-laws were also adopted.

Steamship Aquila Floated.

The Norwegian steamer *Aquila*, which went aground down the river near Big Island Sunday morning and a second time on Sunday night, was floated yesterday morning about 10 o'clock and in tow of the tugs *Alexander Jones* and *Blanche*, she was brought into this port uninjured by reason of her slight mishap. The tug *Marion* towed the barge *Louis H.*, down Monday, and upon this was loaded about three hundred tons of kainit, with which she was seemingly overburdened. Both the steamer and barge are now at the Navassa guano works discharging their cargoes.

The Tax Books.

Yesterday, for the first time, the county tax books were open at the sheriff's office for the payment of taxes for the year 1899. Sheriff MacRae said that several persons called during the day and made themselves "square" with the county and State. Rev. Dr. Peyton H. Hoge, through Mr. H. C. McQueen, has the distinction of being the first person to settle for the new fiscal year of tax collecting.

Naval Reserves Inspection.

In accordance with notice published in yesterday's STAR the September inspection of the Wilmington Division Naval Reserves was held in their armory at 8:15 o'clock last night by Lieutenant H. L. Miller. Another inspection is announced for next Tuesday night. There was no action of public interest in the business meeting of the Division, which was held last night after the inspection.

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. J. R. Morrisey, of Clinton, is a visitor in the city.

— Mr. J. T. Koonce, of Jacksonville, N. C., is in the city.

— Mr. G. W. Bryan, of Scotland Neck, is here on business.

— Mr. L. Meares, of Clarkton, is in the city on a business trip.

— Mr. L. E. Green, of Charlotte, was in Wilmington yesterday.

— Mr. F. G. Dosher, of Southport, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. J. A. Smith and Miss Ages Smith, of Fair Bluff, are guests at The Orton.

Mr. L. D. Cherry, of Long Creek, and Mr. H. C. Porter, of Rocky Point, are in the city.

— Mr. Wm. H. H. Cobb, of Goldsboro, spent several hours in Wilmington yesterday.

— Mr. W. B. Brice, of Wallace, was here on one of his periodical business visits yesterday.

— Miss Norma Northam has gone to Greensboro, to enter the Greensboro Female College.

— Miss Hazel Love has entered the Greensboro Female College for the ensuing school term.

— Mr. A. M. Prince, the well known lumber man from Holly Ridge, spent last night in the city.

— Mrs. N. M. Culbreth and two children are the guests of Mrs. J. I. Williamson, of Whiteville.

— Mr. E. O. Gillican, travelling auditor for the Atlantic Coast Line, returned yesterday from a business trip to Augusta.

— Miss Cornelia Alderman left on the steamer *E. A. Hawes* Monday afternoon to visit relatives and friends in Pender county.

— Miss Parrott who has been in the city the past several weeks, the guest of friends, left yesterday morning for her home in Cincinnatti.

— *News and Observer*, 5th inst.: "Mr. M. J. Walsh, of Wilmington, came in yesterday morning. He will make this his home in the future."

— Mrs. E. S. Creasy, relict of the late Rev. Dr. W. S. Creasy, is now with her daughters, residing on Seventh between Chesnut and Grace streets.

— Jno. H. Gore, Esq., left last evening for a professional trip to Kenansville, Duplin county, where Superior Court is in session this week.

— Mrs. Herbert McClammy and little daughter Myriam, returned last evening from a visit of several weeks to Mrs. McClammy's parents near Raleigh.

— Master W. G. James, oldest son of Capt. Thos. C. James, has gone to Raleigh to enter as a student of the A. and M. College, which begins the Fall session to-day.

— The STAR is glad to announce that there is some improvement in the condition of Mr. J. Wallace Alderman, who has for eight weeks been confined to his house with malarial fever.

— Mr. C. W. Yates left yesterday morning for New York, where he will spend a week or ten days purchasing Fall and Winter specialties for the up-to-date book and stationary store of Messrs. C. W. Yates Co., on Market street.

George R. Dyer.

The remains of the late George R. Dyer, whose death at Savannah, Ga., was announced in yesterday's STAR, will arrive here this afternoon over the W. C. & A. railroad at 1:15 o'clock and the funeral will be held from the residence of his father, Mr. John Dyer, No. 917 Market street, to-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock. Mr. R. B. Clowe, a brother-in-law of the deceased and Mrs. John Dyer, the mother of the deceased, left yesterday afternoon for Charleston, and they with Mrs. Geo. Dyer and son, will accompany the remains to this city. The interment will be at Oakdale cemetery and the services will be according to the funeral rites of the Episcopal Church, of which he was a devoted member.

Charged With Many Robberies.

James Gilchrist, the negro tried Monday for the robbery of Mr. Sol. Bear's residence on Fifth street, and committed to jail, was again arraigned before Justice Fowler yesterday on the charge of robbing the residence of Mr. Clayton Giles. He pleaded guilty and was re-committed to await trial by the Criminal Court for this further offence. It is probable, the authorities say, that Gilchrist is responsible for several other robberies that have occurred during the past few months. He is also said to have been seen with a bunch of keys and implements for plying his nefarious profession.

Victor Blue To Wed.

A special to the New York *Herald* has this bit of interesting news regarding Lieut. Victor Blue whose visit to Wilmington on the Spanish prize boats with Lieut. Anderson last Winter will always be pleasantly remembered by Wilmington people:

It was announced here to-day that Morristown, N. J., is to have a brilliant and interesting naval wedding on October 17, the contracting persons being Lieut. Victor Blue, U. S. N., of the cruiser Brooklyn, and Miss Eleanor Stewart, a niece of Capt. Philip H. Cooper, U. S. N.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

FREIGHT ON COTTON.

Corporation Commission Considering Question of a Uniform Rate On All Railroads.

OTHER NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Proposed Consolidation of All Seaboard Air Line Roads in North Carolina—Raleigh and Eastern R. R.—Labor Day Legislation.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Sept. 5.

A general meeting of stockholders of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad will be held here to-morrow at 10 o'clock to consider the terms and conditions of the consolidations of all the Seaboard Air Line roads in North Carolina and provide for an increase in the capital stock, as provided for in an act passed by the last Legisature. These acts are preliminary to a consolidation of the Seaboard system and the F. C. and P. Railroad.

The Corporation Commission is in session to-day, considering the question of establishing a uniform cotton rate for all roads in the State. The principal railway systems are represented.

It now seems not unlikely that the proposed Raleigh and Eastern Railway will run from here to Wilson instead of to Wakefield and Springhope, as at first proposed. The promoters of the road have secured options on the timber between here and Wilson, while outsiders have rushed in and taken up the Wakefield timber lands.

Two Labor Days.

By a mistake made in copying chapter 30, Laws of 1899, North Carolina now has two Labor Days—a State Labor Day and a National Labor Day. The first Monday in September is National Labor Day and the last Legislature intended to make it also a State holiday, but by an error it put it "the first Thursday in September".

An effort is being made to organize a news telephone company here, with Mr. Will Wynne, late manager of the local Inter-State exchange, at its head.

The premium list and programme of the races for the next State Fair were issued yesterday.

The Fair officials are hard at work and the prospects are for the greatest fair in many years. To morrow they will meet the railroad people to ask for the one cent flat rate, which has been granted only once before—in 1895.

Schools Opening.

The schools of this section are opening unusually well this year. At Wake Forest two hundred students were enrolled by the end of the first week. The Raleigh Male Academy began its fall session Monday with most flattering prospects. About sixty students are already here to attend the A. and M. College. Entrance examinations began to-day and college opens to-morrow. The city public schools will open on the 15th.

There are now 330 convicts employed in railroad building in this State. They will be taken back to the penitentiary farms on September 15th to pick cotton.

Mr. George T. Ivey, who is to be in charge of the Textile Department of the A. and M. College, has arrived.

Federal Court.

Judge Simonton will preside with Judge Ewart at the October term of Federal court in Greensboro, both the Circuit and District Courts being in session at that time.

Within the next thirty days depositors in the defunct Bank of Guilford, at Greensboro, will receive 40 per cent. dividend.

During the thunder storm yesterday afternoon a negro named John Hughes and the mule he was driving were struck by lightning and both instantly killed. Hughes was in the country hauling cotton. His body was brought here to his home last night.

Kenna In Norfolk.

The Norfolk papers report that there was some great ball playing Monday in that city between the "All Americans" who were here last week and the "Ding Bats" of Norfolk. Kenna pitched for the "All Americans." In speaking of his work the *Landmark* says: "Twenty-six men faced Kenna in the eight innings. His work was suburb and elicited the admiration of everybody on the grounds."

This was during the afternoon game when the "All Americans" won by a score of 12 to 5, whereas during the forenoon another game was played between the same teams, with a pitcher other than Kenna in the box for the "All Americans," and the "Ding Bats" won by a score of 13 to 6.

The *Virginian-Pilot* says Kenna performed a pitching feat by striking out seventeen men, allowing only seven hits. Fully 1,000 people witnesed the game, and the excitement was for a while intense.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of the late Mr. GEORGE R. DYER will take place to-morrow (Thursday) afternoon at 5 o'clock, from the residence of the father of the deceased, Mr. John Dyer, No. 917 Market street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the WILMINGTON COTTON MILLS the regular quarterly dividend of one per cent. on the common stock was declared, payable to stockholders of record of this date.

D. MACRAE, Treasurer.
Sept. 5, 1899. sep 6 1t

About Razors and Things.

We do not run a "Tonsorial Parlor," but we conduct a **First-class Barber Shop.** Within the past thirty days our patronage has more than doubled; but there is "always room for one more" customer.

Call at No. 7 South Front street.

ED. GUION,
sep 5 tf CORNELIUS DAVIS.

THE WILMINGTON ACADEMY AND COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.

J. H. HARNLY,
ANDREW J. HOWELL, JR.,
Principals.

Opened September 1st for reception of Students wishing special instruction.

The regular classes will be organized Sept. 18th.

The School offers careful training in Academic Branches, as well as Bookkeeping, Shorthand, etc.

For information apply to

THE PRINCIPALS,
aug 25 2w Y. M. C. A. Building.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CREAM BON BONS.

French Mixtures, Broken and Stick Candies
Fancy Assorted, Large Sugar and Plain Lemon Cakes.
Peach and Honey, Red Wine, Old Nickel, Uncle Isom Ping Tobaccos. Also, Smoking Tobacco, Cigars, Cheroots.

All Standard Goods.

Rib Sides. D. S. Plates, Hams and Shoulders.
Virginia Meal.
Standard Sugars.
Straight and Patent Flour.
Porto Rico and Cuba Molasses, Vanilla Syrup, Green Coffees.
Big Bar Borax and Toilet Soaps.
Prices Guaranteed to Wholesale Purchasers.
Correspondence Solicited.

T. D. LOVE,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
North Water Street.

Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays. Passengers, freight and towage.
For rates apply to T. D. LOVE,
sep 6 tf General Agent.

BAGGING AND TIES.

Crackers and Cheese,
Sugar,
Flour,
Meat,
Molasses, Meal.

BEST GRADE, LOWEST PRICE.

THE WORTH CO.
aug 23 tf

ReceiveD YesterdaY.

CONSIGNMENT CHOICE NORTH CAROLINA BLACK GRAPES FOR QUICK SALE.

TO ARRIVE TO-DAY

Choice Goods in

CALIFORNIA PEACHES,
CALIFORNIA GRAPES,
CALIFORNIA PLUMS,
FLORIDA PINEAPPLES,
FRESH CANDIES MANUFACTURED DAILY.

JNO. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
Next to southeast corner Second and Princess streets. Inter-State 'Phone 132. aug 30 tf

FISH, MEAL, FLOUR.

2000 LBS FRESH MULLETS.
2000 BUSHELS WATER GROUND MEAL.
400 BBLS BEST STRAIGHT FLOUR.
200 BBLS BEST PATENT FLOUR.
500 FISH KEGS.
20 BOXES MAHOGANY TWIST TOBACCO.
50 BOXES 9 INCH 5's TOBACCO.
50 CADDIES 6 INCH 8's TOBACCO.
50 CADDIES SCHNAPPS TOBACCO.
150 CADDIES CELEBRATED HATCHET TOBACCO BEST 6 INCH 8s OFFERED ON ANY MARKET. TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

WESCOTT & STONE,
Wholesale Grocers.
sept 3 tf No. 108 N. Water street.

September Mullets

9800 pounds Sept. Mullets.
200 Picnic Cheese.
25 tubs G. E. Butter.
900 bushels Va. Meal,
840 bushels Corn.
960 bushels R. P. Oats.
240 cases G. L. Powder.
100 cases Rex Powder.
111 cases Blue Ribbon.
48 cases R. & M. Powder.
214 barrels Sugar.
100 bags Sugar.

Prices cheerfully given.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
sep 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

-- Kainit. --

General Stock Groceries At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.
jy 8 tf

Va. Water Ground Meal.

500 bushels Va. W. G. Meal.
This is no fake, but Pure Va. Water Ground Meal.
1,000 Fish Barrels.
2,000 lbs Nice Smoked Shoulders.
600 bags Shot.
4,000 bushels Texas R. P. Oats for Seed. They are nice.
2,500 bundles Ties.
1,200 rolls Bagging.
And train loads of other Groceries. Write for prices.

D. L. GORE,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
sep 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Murchison National Bank,

With Capital $200,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.

No philanthropy about it, It's Business.

Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jy 27 tf

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN.
WHOLESALE ONLY

PROVISIONS

We have just received a nice consignment of

CHOICE,
NEW CATCH

MULLETS.

Caught last week. Of nice size Clean, Bright and Fat.

Only a few of this kind on the market.

We solicit your orders.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN.
aug 29 tf A. C. L. tracks.

"Improved Poultry."

Phœnix Poultry Yards,

PHŒNIX,
Brunswick County, N. C.
Breeders of
Fancy Poultry, Pigeons, &c.

Specialties: White Wyandottes and Barred Plymouth Rocks.

WM. J. POGUE, Prop'r.
sep 2 2m

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,
North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE
FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.
se 1 tf

--SCOTLAND HOTEL--

LOCATED IN GIBSON, IN THE NEW COUNTY OF SCOTLAND.

On Railroad street, convenient to both railroads.

LARGE, AIRY AND WELL FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates, $2.00 per day. Reduction for periods of one week or longer.

Mrs. IRVING ROBINSON.
Proprietress,
aug 17 tf D&W GIBSON, N. C.

Leading makes. Easy terms.

N. L. SMITH,

Bargains in New and Second Hand Pianos and Organs.

No. 169 Dock street. Representing Ludden & Bates' Southern Music House, No. 137 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Tuning, Repairing.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
aug 30 tf

NOTICE.

Having purchased Mr. Wm. Sheehan's Real Estate business, and Mr. Sheehan having accepted a position with me, he will be authorized to do all collecting for rents, etc., for me from this date. Mr. Sheehan will give his entire attention to the collections, and thereby hopes to give entire satisfaction to all. Soliciting your business and a continuance of that given to Mr. Sheehan, I am, respectfully,

ANDREW SMITH,
Real Estate Agent

NOTICE.

I have sold my Real Estate business to Mr. Andrew Smith. I will still be in the business, having accepted a position with Mr. Smith. I will give every attention to the business and will make extra efforts to satisfy those that have so kindly helped me, and ask a continuance of the business that I have had on my own account. This change will enable me to give my entire attention to the collections. I respectfully solicit new business for Mr. Smith.

Respectfully, etc.,
sept 3 1w WM. SHEEHAN, JR

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $80.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 6.

CURIOUS AND INTERESTING.

The pension question is one of the questions in which the people of this country are very much interested, but it is one of the questions which has not received the honest attention that it should, but probably never will while there is politics in it. Pensioners die, but somehow or other the rolls do not decrease in the number of names, for as the pensioners drop off the widows go on. The knack that old soldiers have of marrying young women, or that young women have of marrying old soldiers, whichever way it may be, is remarkable. The Pension office has recently issued some statistics, an abstract of which we find in the Philadelphia *Record*, which we reproduce on account of the facts and figures, which are, as the *Record* says, "curious and interesting:"

"Under the head of 'Pensions' in the official Statistical Abstract of the United States there is a wealth of curious and interesting information. It shows the number of claims filed and allowed and the number of pensions on the rolls at the close of each year, together with the amounts paid on account of pensions, from 1861 to 1897 inclusive. There have been later pension reports, but this comprehensive table affords some interesting information nevertheless. It appears that in 1861 the total number of pensioners on the roll was 8,636, this number being about equally divided between 'invalids' and 'widows' and the disbursements amounted to a trifle over $1,000,000. In the following year the disbursements declined to a little over $790,000. In 1863 the disbursements were also less than in 1861. Then the claims allowed to invalids and widows on account of the civil war began to swell the disbursements. In 1871 the total number of pensions on the roll was 207,495, and the disbursements were a little over $33,000,000. In the following year, in addition to the new pensioners of the civil war, there were 17,504 claims allowed to survivors of the war of 1812, and 3117 claims to widows of soldiers of that war. From that time on, until 1894, there were claims allowed each year for invalids and widows on account of the war of 1812, and since then claims have been allowed each year for the widows of soldiers of that war. In 1876 there were 18,179 additional claims allowed to those aged widows.

"In 1887 there were 7,552 claims allowed to survivors of the war with Mexico, and to 903 widows of soldiers of that war. In the following year claims were allowed to 9,048 survivors and 4,201 widows of the Mexican war, and in each year subsequent thereto there have been claims allowed for survivors and widows of soldiers who participated in that conflict. In 1897 there were 976,014 pensioners on the roll, and the disbursements amounted to $139,949,717.35. In 1892 the largest disbursements for 'first payments' on pensions were made, amounting to more than $45,000,000. In the next year the first payments were nearly $34,000,000, while the total disbursements in that year exceeded $158,000,000.

"One of the tables presented in the Government publication shows the number of pensioners on the rolls of each agency in the country on June 30, 1897, and here we find a remarkable aggregation or grouping. Two or three out of the whole list of agencies appear to have enrolled the names of a large majority of the survivors of the war of 1812, of the war with Mexico and of the Indian wars from 1832 to 1842, and the widows of soldiers of those wars. The Knoxville (Tenn.) agency is the most highly favored in this way. In order to show this we have selected from the table a few of the agencies, and have re-arranged the order to bring out a contrast:

	War of 1812.		War with Mexico.		Indian Wars, 1832-42.	
Agencies.	Sur-vivrs.	Wid-ows.	Sur-vivrs.	Wid-ows.	Sur-vivrs.	Wid-ows.
Knoxville	660	3,240	2,893	1,723	3,460	
Topeka	131	1,421	931	114	207	
Washington	350	725	558	23	47	
Detroit	1	76	143	102	12	13
Milwaukee		36	231	128	12	13
Concord		95	33	18	5	9

Louisville has enrolled 1,677 survivors and 627 widows of soldiers of the Mexican war.

As an illustration of how the widow holds on note the first column in the table above presented, which shows one survivor of the war of 1812 in the agencies named and 1,348 widows. There are still on the pension rolls several widows of revolutionary soldiers. The widows make a very formidable showing on the pension roll growing out of the war between the States, and while many of these are doubtless the widows of soldiers who were married when they were in the service, and are fully entitled to the pensions allowed by law—if their husbands were—a very considerable number also are what might be called "speculative" widows who married soldiers with the expectation that they would survive them and come in for pensions. As most of these are young women the probabilities are that they will hold on about as well if not better than the widows of the 1812 soldiers have done, while some of them will doubtless rival the surviving widows of Revolutionary soldiers.

We have no intention to speak disparagingly here of the real widows, the women who shared the lives of the soldiers of any of our wars, but the women who married soldiers with more of a thought on the prospective pension that on the man, are not entitled to respectful consideration. The pension rolls have been subjected to much abuse from this source, so much that it could not escape the attention of Commissioner Evans, who seems to have been making honest efforts to reform the abuses that he has discovered. He has made some suggestions which if enacted into law, will eliminate the prospective female pension-grabbers, and prevent them from getting on the pension rolls hereafter.

Whether he succeeds in accomplishing material reform or not he has succeeded in stirring up a hornet's nest in some of the Grand Army Posts, which are clamoring for his removal. The pension attorneys have something to do in running the G. A. R. posts as they have in running the pensions, and in this case they are using the Grand Army Posts as machines to bring pressure to bear on the Commissioner to muzzle him, or on the President to force his removal. But the Commissioner keeps a stiff upper lip, and the dispatches within the past few days quote the President as saying that he will stand by him in his efforts at reform and to root out the abuses. We rather suspect, however, that he will get a quiet hint not to sink the coulter too deep, lest it turn up more than this Administration would have the stomach to tackle.

It is remarkable that the soldiers, who are more interested than anybody else in having the frauds weeded out from the pension rolls, should make a racket every time this is attempted, as they did during Cleveland's administrations, especially the first, and as they are now doing with Commissioner Evans. The fewer the frauds on the rolls the less money the country would have to pay in pensions and the more it could afford to pay the really deserving. This is a fact that, strange as it may appear, they seem to lose sight of altogether.

THE DEMAND FOR SILVER.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* is not a free silver paper, but in the following, which we clip from a recent issue, it furnishes a pretty strong argument in favor of silver currency:

"An unprecedented demand for silver currency, including even silver dollars, has sprung up all over the country. There does not appear to be anything political in it, but it is caused simply by the prosperity of the nation. The money is needed to pay wages, to make small purchases and to conduct the innumerable transactions of daily business. It will circulate rapidly, thus making business brisk, and brisk business makes good times."

The *Ledger* is an honest paper and therefore we will not charge it with admitting more than it intended to say, but it is, all the same, an admission of much that the advocates of free silver have contended for all along. We contended that an abundance of money in circulation stimulated enterprise and business activity and made better and more prosperous times. In reply to this the goldites answered that silver would not circulate; that the people didn't want it, and for that reason tons of it were stacked up in the Treasury vaults, and therefore there was no sense in coining it. They entirely overlooked the fact that the silver dollars in the Treasury vaults were represented by silver certificates which were in circulation, and ignored the fact that this alleged objection to silver was equally true of gold, which circulated much less than silver. Silver didn't circulate more than it did because the big banks, which were controlled by gold men, did all they could to prevent it from going into circulation, locked it up and shipped it back to Washington to create the impression that the people didn't want it and wouldn't have it. But there never was a day when silver would not circulate freely, as freely as it does now, or when the country had enough of it, much less too much.

What better argument for an abundance of silver could be presented than the concluding sentences in the above extract from a gold paper, in which it says: "The money is needed to pay wages, to make small purchases, and to conduct the innumerable transactions of daily business. It will circulate rapidly, thus making business brisk, and brisk business makes good times." This is precisely what the advocates of free silver have been asserting and contending for all along. Silver is the money of the people, of the masses, and there is not the slightest fear of there ever being too much of it in circulation. As between gold and silver as circulating money, five dollars in silver can be put and kept in circulation to one of gold, whatever the effort may be to put gold in circulation, provided the big banks will quit combining against it and locking it up.

DOESN'T INTEND TO BE READ OUT.

The Republican machine managers of this State don't fancy the course that Hon. Thomas Settle has pursued in declaring that he favors and will support and vote for the proposed constitutional suffrage amendment. Some say that he is disappointed and soured by his failure to secure the nomination from his district for Congress, while others say that this is the first step in the direction of the Democratic party, where he will eventually land, and they would facilitate the transit by reading him out of the Republican party. But Tom inherited fighting stuff from his sire and doesn't propose to be quietly read out, if we may judge from his talk with the Greensboro *Record*, which we quote, thus:

"The St. Louis platform of the Republican party made the plank very plain on the financial issue—so strong, in fact, that Teller and several others could not stand it and walked out of the convention. So far as my knowledge goes, and I think I am right, not a man from North Carolina deserted the convention—they stuck—but coming home they proceeded to declare for free silver and 16 to 1. The Republican party has not made the amendment a party question yet and to vote for it or against it is not a test of party fealty. But if a man can sit in a convention that has declared emphatically against free silver and then come home and yell for 16 to 1, I don't see why I should be read out of the party for declaring for the amendment when it has by no manner of means been made a party question. I might add that I have received this week a dozen or more letters from Republicans commending my course, and it is my opinion that I am not alone in my advocacy of the amendment among Republicans. Some of us have ideas of our own and at least in the absence of any party test we have the right to express them."

Mr. Settle was not the pioneer in this break, by any means, for there were several more or less prominent Republicans, such as Col. Cowles, of Statesville; Col. Argo, of Raleigh, and others, who had publicly declared before Mr. Settle was heard from that they would support the amendment and gave good reasons why. Nevertheless Mr. Settle is entitled to credit for taking position without consulting and securing the permission of the machine runners. There will be more of them before next August.

A NEW INDUSTRY.

Pensacola, Florida, comes to the front as the pioneer of a new industry—the manufacture of paper from pine, yellow pine. Heretofore only certain kinds of light, soft-fibred woods could be used for making pulp for the manufacture of paper and the growing consumption of this, reducing the supply, ran the price up to $8 or $10 per cord, while the numerous saw mills in Florida furnish an unlimited quantity of slabs and other cuttings which they have been compelled to burn to get out of the way. The cost of this material, if any, will be nominal.

Yellow pine has not been suitable for this purpose on account of the resin in it, but the discovery of a process for extracting that has removed this obstacle, and opened the way for the pine of the South to take the place of the woods heretofore used in paper-making. The secret of this process is held by the inventor and two other persons to whom it has been confided, this being deemed safer than taking out patents, which give little protection against infringement.

If what is claimed for this process be true it is the beginning of what may and doubtless will become an immense and important industry in the pine belt of the South where with the great number of mills there will be a practically inexhaustible supply of the material furnished without cutting a single tree, at least for some years to come. The result will be if the Pensacola plant prove a success the establishment of similar plants at other points and the transfer of the paper making business, which is an immense one, to the South.

The publishers of the Kinston *Free Press* have done themselves and Kinston credit with the splendid thirty-page illustrated edition just issued, showing the industrial progress of that growing city. It furnishes a large amount of interesting and valuable information ralative to the city and surrounding country, and the men who have been and are active in the work of up-building. Such publications judiciously circulated are of inestimable benefit to a community.

A sheep raiser in South Carolina makes his sheep so well acquainted with him that they will come to him when they see him, and in addition to that puts a bell on about every third one. Since he has belled them he has never lost any by dogs, his belief being that the noise of the bells on the running sheep alarms the dogs and they fear to follow. We have read of the bell recommendation by others.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Wilmington, Fifth Street, September 10-11.
Southport, September 17-18.
Whiteville, Terro Gordo, September 23-24.
Waccamaw, Old Dock, September 25.
Brunswick, Zion, September 30-October 1.
Wilmington, Market Street, (at night) Oct. 1.
Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth, Singletaries, October 14-15.
Wilmington, Grace, Oct. 22-23.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Richlands, Oct. 29-30.
Bladen, Windsor, Nov. 4-5.
Clinton, Clinton, Nov. 11-12.
Onslow, Tabernacle, Nov. 18-19.

R. F. BUMPASS,
Presiding Elder.

BOOK NOTICES.

The September number of *St. Nicholas* presents a fine list of stories and other reading matter for the entertainment of the young folks, who always enjoy it. This number in nicely illustrated. Published by The Century Co., Union Square, New York.

As usual *The Century Magazine* for September is handsomely illustrated, and presents a fine and varied list of contents. This is called the salt water number, because the larger number of papers are descriptions of cruises, adventures and travels, all of which are interesting and instructive. Published by The Century Company, Union Square, New York.

The reader will find in *The Eclectic Magazine* for September twenty-five readable articles selected from the leading European periodicals, embracing a wide range of topics treated by writers of recognized eminence and merit. The reader here finds much and a character of matter not presented in the ordinary magazines. Published by E. R. Pelton, New York.

The Bookman for September is a very interesting number, with a full list of contents which the literary reader will enjoy. Two of the notable articles are "New York in Fiction" and "Jewish Literature in the Nineteenth Century." A valuable feature is "Chronicle and Comment," which presents much interesting information in little space. Published by Dodd, Mead & Co., Fifth avenue and Twenty first street, New York.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Salisbury *Sun*: Saturday night about 12 o'clock a negro named Will Edwards shot and killed Mr. Will Kerns, acting policeman of Concord.

— Durham *Recorder*: Gen. J. S. Carr has given an additional $3,000 to complete the Carr building at the State University. This makes $18,000 he has given for this building. —— We learn that the tobacco crop throughout Alamance, Person, Orange and Caswell counties is the finest they have had in ten years.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: By a dreadful mistake Mr. C. R. Doggett, a prominent citizen of Brown Summit, this county, Saturday night administered a big dose of morphine, instead of calomel, to his three-year-old child. The little one died a few minutes after the dose was swallowed. —— A deaf and dumb man named Mitchell, an employe in Proximity Mills, was held up by two negroes Saturday night and after being brutally choked and bruised was robbed of $4.50, the amount carried in his pockets. The robbers fled leaving him helpless in the road where he remained for some time. Mr. Mitchell came to town yesterday and had a warrant issued for the negroes and placed the warrants in the hands of Constable Dave Scott. The officer was soon on the track of one of the robbers whose name is Wall, and three hours later after chasing him into the country captured him.

— Newton *Enterprise*: Cotton picking is going on pretty generally in the county, and the gins are starting up. The crops will be very small. —— A third cotton factory is now the talk. Steps are on foot to organize a joint stock company to build another factory. —— The mystery surrounding the sale of the Narrow Gauge road seems to be cleared up. The Seaboard furnished the money for the first payment, and is undoubtedly the purchaser. —— Newton is becoming to be a great lumber shipping depot. The Southern's side track from the depot down to Rhyne, Houk & Co.'s mill is lined most of the way with stacks of oak lumber ten to twelve feet high. Cars are loading nearly every day. The greater part of the lumber goes to the furniture factories at High Point and Lexington, but some goes also to Norfolk and the North.

— Washington *Messenger*: A gentleman who came up from Hyde through the country said, "The people of Beaufort county have no conception of the ravages of the storm, and from what I saw in coming up, your people suffered comparatively little to what we did in Hyde. The fields look as if a fire had passed over them, and one cannot find a green blade of grass, a green leaf of cotton or a live stalk of corn. Not a vegetable, cabbage or collard has escaped. All have been killed by the overflow and long standing salt water. Some of the citizens of Fairfield were compelled to move off of their farms, fearing the strench arising from the decaying vegetables and grass would produce sickness in their families. One farmer had a large field of cabbage, ready for shipment, and now they are all rotten and a total loss. There will not be a Mattamuskeet apple raised in the county."

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Now that we have acquired the Sultan of Sulu had we now better slap a prohibitory tariff on foreign autocrats, for the protection of our home industry? Czar Reed has already gone out of business and Ahkhoond Quay is having a hard time to hold his own.—*Louisville Courier Journal, Dem.*

—— Booker T. Washington did not attend that Chicago conference called for the purpose of regulating the treatment of the negro in the south. Washington informs the Chicagoans that if they will attend to that little negro episode at their doors he will go on demonstrating that the industrious and well-behaved negro in the south is better off than he is anywhere else in the United States.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—— Can it be true that General Joe Wheeler has received "the marble heart" from General Otis? We await confirmation or denial. It must be almost intolerable for Wheeler. We do not quite approve his eagerness, as an old Confederate, to help subjugate a people fighting for local self-government, but inaction must be a punishment beyond calculation. We pause for further news.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— General Funston, who ought to know something about fighting on Luzon Island, insists that cavalry must be used to overtake, scatter and punish the predatory bands into which the insurgent army will soon be divided. Otis wants no cavalry, and his judgment has been the guide of the War Department in the recruit of the new volunteer forces. As between Funston and Otis, where accurate knowledge of the situation is concerned, the chances are largely in favor of the former.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

—"What is a Socialist, papa?" "A Socialist, my boy, is a man who is ready to agree to divide anything that he doesn't own."—*Chicago Evening Post.*

— Mr. Isaacs—"I dreamt last night dis place was insured for a million dollars!" Mrs. Isaacs—"I tot so! You vas yelling 'fire!' in a whisper all night long!"—*Puck.*

— The Point of Resemblance: "Why was Lusk so overcome when he met Miss Johnson?" "She reminded him of his first love." "In what way?" "By the way in which she refused him."—*The Rival.*

— How Else Could He Do It: Snively—"The Prince of Wales owes two millions." Snodgrass—"He probably raises his own garden vegetables and keeps his own cows."—*Harlem Life.*

—The Man and the Senator: "The man who is worth a million may be a man for a' that; and, if the stories are true, he may be a United States Senator for less than half that?"—*Detroit Journal.*

— "By George, I'm glad I wasn't Methuselah?" "Why?" "Think what a strain it would be to pay the premium for as many years as that on the life insurance I carry."—*Chicago Times-Herald.*

— "I must confess that I don't know a thing about the facts in the Dreyfus case." "Don't speak it so loud," exclaimed the cautious friend. "If they hear that they'll be sure to have you up as a witness."—*Washington Star.*

— "There is one thing about Washington," said MacTwiller, as Perkins addressed his ball on the seventeenth hole. "He never could have played golf." "Why not?" demanded Perkins. "Because he couldn't tell a lie," said MacTwiller. Whereupon Perkins foozled and lost the hole.—*Harper's Bazar.*

— Explanatory: Guest—"You charge more for a porterhouse steak than you used to. Why is it?" Proprietor of Restaurant—"I have to pay more for it. Beef has gone up." Guest—"The steak is smaller than it used to be, too." Proprietor of Restaurant—"That, of course is on account of the scarcity of beef."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— Raleigh *Post*: At the Henderson cotton mills, about 10 o'clock Saturday night, there occurred a most serious cutting affray, as a result of which two men lie in a very precarious condition, the probability being that both will die. It appears that the men—Adams and Davis—became involved in a difficulty which drew the brother of Davis and a man named Johnson into the trouble. Adams received two cuts across the abdomen and in one of his lungs. The brother of Davis received a deep cut across the throat. It is said that Johnson is not to be found. No one is positive as to who did the cutting. No arrests.

THE HUMOR OF THE SAVAGE.

A Bad Lands Incident In Which Professor Marsh Figured.

To his intimates the late Professor Marsh was known not only as a scientific man of great ability and worldwide reputation, but also as a delightful companion, quick and witty, with a keen appreciation of humor, and a narrator of capital stories. One of these, which he used to tell of himself with great effect, dealt with a small adventure had many years ago in the Rocky mountains.

The first month or two of the trip had been spent on the plains of Nebraska and Wyoming, at that time the hunting ground of Sioux and Cheyennes, who were bitterly hostile and signs of whose presence near the command were often seen. The whole party realized that they were in a dangerous country, and all hands were constantly on the watch for enemies and were careful not to wander far from the command, or if two or three fossil gatherers did go off from the main body they took with them a number of soldiers to stand guard while they worked. After leaving this dangerous region the expedition moved on to the Bad Lands near Fort Bridger, where there were but few Indians, and those friendly ones, and the work of gathering fossils went on.

One day Professor Marsh was hard at work on his knees in the bottom of the narrow ravine digging away the soil from a bone which stuck out of the bank. He was entirely absorbed in his task and noticed nothing of what was going on about him until the brilliant sunlight, which poured down on him, was cut off by a dark shadow, and he looked up to see standing above him a great, grim Indian warrior, holding his rifle at ready. The professor's heart leaped into his throat. He forgot where he was. He strove to utter a propitiatory "How," but his dry lips refused to form the word, and he could only swallow, trying to get rid of the lump in his throat. Suddenly the savage bent toward him and spoke. "Have I the honor of addressing Professor Othneil Charles Marsh, the eminent paleontologist of Yale college?" he inquired. The revulsion of feeling was almost too much for the professor, who was now even less able to speak than he had been before.

It developed that the Indian as a small boy had been sent east, Christianized, educated, taught the elements of theology and sent back to the west to civilize his tribe, but he had not carried the civilization far.—Forest and Stream.

A CREMATION IN SIAM.

Festivities Are Rampant During the Conflagration.

If there is any time when the Siamese may be said to hold sports it is at a notable cremation. Ordinarily the dead of Siam are buried at a ghat, common to all who cannot afford the considerable expense of a private conflagration, and when the wood of the funeral pyre has been consumed the body is well roasted and the attendant vultures are given a chance to clean the bones. Those who can afford it build the funeral pyre within their private walls, where festivities are held during the burning and invitations issued to friends that they come and behold the honor paid their dead. The bodies of those intended for private cremation are embalmed and usually kept for some time—often many months.

One Siamese gentleman, when inviting me to the proposed cremation of his brother, informed me that the distinguished deceased had been awaiting combustion for a year. The extent and character of the festivities on such an occasion depend entirely on the length of purse of the deceased's remaining relatives.

On the afternoon or evening of the appointed day the guests assemble and witness the simple ceremony of the yellow robed priests of Buddha. Subsequently the nearest male relative fires the pyre, and then, while the flames crackle and the late lamented hisses and pops like a green pippin on a spit, his grieving family and friends grow merry over the cakes and sweetmeats and wines, while men hired for the occasion perform at several games, and even on rare occasions do some little running and jumping. The game nearest approaching one of skill is a sort of fence play with short sticks fastened to both arms. Once in awhile one sees at these human barbecues a kind of boxing, the art of which seems to be in parrying with the arm and open hand the thrusts that never have any serious intention of landing.—Harper's Weekly.

In the war of the Crimea, with 1,460,500 troops, there were killed in battle 58,870; died of wounds, 66,000; died of disease, 492,200. In the American war of 1861-5 in the northern army there took the field 2,386,006 troops; there were killed in battle, 44,240; there died of wounds, 84,000; there died of disease, 419,240. In the Spanish-American war there took the field 274,717 troops; there were killed in battle, 298; there were wounded, 1,577; there died from disease, 2,619.

He Defined the Word.

A correspondent of the New York Times, referring to a discussion on the merits or demerits of the word "transmogrified," says a characteristic anecdote concerning the late Rev. Dr. Coxe, father of the late Bishop Coxe of western New York, may be of interest. The writer's good friend, the late Rev. Dr. John Ireland Tucker of Troy, an old Brooklyn man, told him that he was once present at a funeral in Brooklyn where Dr. Coxe, although a Presbyterian, used the Episcopal Burial service. After reading the words "we shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed" the doctor looked up in evident doubt as to whether his hearers understood the sense of that great phrase. After a pause he said, "Transformed, my brethren," and then, still evidently in doubt, he added, with great solemnity, "Transmogrified."

Now, Will You Be Good?

The average man is a hypocrite in his relations with his wife, because his wife forces him to be. His wife has a lot of foolish notions about men, and the husband, in his early enthusiasm, tries to live up to them. He cannot do it and becomes a sneaking hypocrite. After he is charged with being a sneaking hypocrite a few times and convicted he becomes surly, and trouble results. A wife who expects a lot of foolish things of her husband is simply putting out a trap in which he will surely be caught, and after he has been caught he will be found an ugly customer. If a woman will treat her husband intelligently and fairly, she will find him a good fellow, and he will be of great assistance to her.—Atchison Globe.

The Star's Salary.

"Your salary, I believe, is $250 a week," said the caller.

It so happened that the star was in a confidential mood, and she replied:

"Well, one of them is."

"One of them?"

"Yes. The salary I advertise is $250 a week, but the salary I get—well, that's another story."—Chicago Post.

"There's nothing half so sweet in life as love's young dream."

It was meant to be so when woman was ordained man's helpmeet. But it was never meant that love's dream should have so sad an awaking. It is due chiefly to ignorance that young women are so rudely awakened from the dream of love. They enter on the married state without physical or mental preparation. They are entirely unaware of the great physiological change suggested by the one word "marriage." Every young woman should be prepared for that change. There should be no neglect of irregularities. The perfect health of the peculiarly womanly organs should be the daily care. Thousands of women who entered in marriage unprepared, and passed from irregularities to debilitating drains, inflammation, ulceration and female weakness, have been altogether and absolutely cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This great medicine is not a cure-all, but a specific for the chronic diseases peculiar to women. It does one thing perfectly; it makes weak women strong and sick women well.

"For two years I had been a sufferer from chronic diseases and female weakness," writes Mrs. Allen A. Bobson, of 1125 Rodman Street, Philadelphia, Pa. "I had two doctors, who only relieved me for a time. My niece advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I did, and have been highly benefited. I am now a strong woman, and can recommend Dr. Pierce's medicines to all similarly afflicted."

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	7
Standard		@	7¼
Burlaps	4¼	@	5
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5¾	@	6
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 25
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11¾
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	10	@	12½
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@	13½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straights	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	13
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	52	@	52½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 lbs			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	7
North Carolina	7	@	8
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	6 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	19 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	2 75
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	9 00	@	10 00
Mill, Prime	7 50	@	8 75
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	7 00
Common Mill	5 00	@	6 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 50	@	5 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M extra heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x20 Heart	3 00	@	3 50
" Sap	2 00	@	2 50
6x24 Heart	5 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	00
WOOL per ℔—Unwashed	15	@	17

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per barrel for Strained and 95 cts for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.80 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at —— per barrel for Hard, $2.60 for Dip, and $2.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27¼@27¼c bid; rosin, nothing doing; tar firm at $1.30 bid; crude turpentine firm at $1.10@1.60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	92
Rosin	218
Tar	76
Crude Turpentine	34

Receipts same day last year.—54 casks spirits turpentine, 428 bbls rosin, 137 bbls tar, 40 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅞ cts per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 7-16 cts.	℔	lb
Good Ordinary	4 13-16	"	"
Low Middling	5 7-16	"	"
Middling	5⅞	"	"
Good Middling	6¼	"	"

Same day last year nothing doing.

Receipts—788 bales; same day last year, 156.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Extra prime, $1.00 to $1.100 per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, $1.10 to $1.12½. Virginia—Extra prime, 75 to 80c; fancy, 95c.

CORN—Firm; 52 to 52½ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Roan's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the state, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty-two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,

Burgaw, N. C.

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NEWS AND OPINIONS

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They are called.

That excellent SHOE made by the Douglass Co. They are to the Gentleman's foot what the "Jenness Miller" is to the Ladies' foot, namely: **Everything that could be desired in a Shoe.**

We have just received new and fresh lots of

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as well as a full lot of the

Duttenhofer's for Ladies.

We cordially invite the Generous Public to inspect our general stock for Fall and Winter before buying elsewhere.

School Shoes are in demand now. See ours.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess.

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EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL.

Near Alexandria, Virginia.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.

A Preparatory School For Boys.

The 61st year opens September 27, 1899.

Illustrated Catalogue sent on application.

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Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Secretary Porter For Librarian—Senators Who Give Tips—That Good Feeling.

[Special Correspondence.]

John Russell Young, whose death shocked members of congress and public men to an extraordinary degree, was almost an ideal librarian, and yet, curiously enough, was not satisfied with his work. Although 57 years old, he still had a hankering for foreign travel, and it is now an open secret that he was endeavoring to secure a transfer to the diplomatic service. He brought to the control of the library large executive ability and pronounced literary tastes. In addition to this he was popular among members of congress and looked after their interests so carefully as to win their affection. His service as minister to China and his trip around the world with General Grant left in him a deep desire to see still more of foreign countries, and at the time of his death he was endeavoring to find a good successor in the library and get into the diplomatic harness once more. It is said that negotiations had proceeded so far that John Addison Porter, secretary to the president, had been taken into consideration as librarian of congress to succeed Mr. Young in case of his transfer. For this reason, it is believed, Mr. Porter's name may be considered in connection with the vacancy which now exists.

Senators Who Give Tips.

Although the senate is popularly known as the Millionaires' club, the individual members are not as a rule given to liberality. This is what the white aproned servants who look after the senators' wants in the restaurant say. One of the old waiters was asked if he would rather wait on senators than on sports. He grinned and said:

"Der's no campa'son. Gimme de sports."

"How much do you average each day from tips?"

"Usually 'bout $2."

"Who are the star tip men?"

"Well, I reckon Mr. Hanna, Mr. Lodge, Mr. Warren and Mr. Smith come near bein the bestest. O' cose dere are oders, but dese are my men. Gimme dese four and I wants no more."

The old waiter is right in what he says. Senators are not prodigal in giving tips. The little page boys, who are paid $2.50 a day, make little outside of their salaries. There are senators who give pages a nickel to get two postage stamps and take the penny change.

That Good Feeling.

Sir Tatton Sykes and Mr. Reginald Cholmonder of London are in the city on their way through to Mexico. Mr. Cholmonder is said to be the prospective recipient of a lordship. He is a young man reserved and modest in manner. He spoke entertainingly of the gayer sides of London life.

"Yes, we notice the growth of good feeling between your country and ours in many of the petty frivolities of human life," he said. "The Belle of New York' has been all the rage in London this season, and when the American and the British flags are brought out together in the last act the crowds cheer and cheer as though they never would stop. We hear American patriotic airs on the streets and jokes in the newspapers and farces in the music halls, all indicative of the good feeling between the two nations. I think the growth of this sentiment has been most marked among the class of people whom you might call the men of the street. But you know we Englishmen, the better class particularly, have felt kindly toward America and Americans for many years."

The Deposed Queen of Hawaii.

Some time ago Mrs. Dominis, formerly known as Liliuokalani, installed herself in one of the down town hotels in such state as her diminished purse allowed. It was not known at the time of her arrival what project brought her again to this country, and various rumors were current. One to the effect that she would shortly take to the lecture platform seemed probable, as there is no doubt that her highness would make a success in that field. Her business, however, has finally been made apparent by a formal protest filed with congress against the absorption of the pseudo crown lands by this government, insisting that her deposition does not affect her title to this realty and demanding that it be returned.

Colonel Berry Awaits the Challenge.

Colonel Albert S. Berry of Kentucky was the subject of considerable badinage in the house the other day on account of a press dispatch from Germany stating that the German newspapers were urging the emperor to take some official recognition of his speech, in which he declared that it might be necessary to turn in and lick the German people if they did not stop meddling with our affairs in the far east. The same dispatch said that some member of the reichstag might think it incumbent upon himself to challenge Colonel Berry should he not retract his pugnacious statement. The Kentuckian took the matter good naturedly. He is 6 feet 4 inches high, weighs 225 pounds and is in good repair. Colonel Berry says he has nothing against the German people, although he doesn't like their system of government or their emperor. If they want to send a champion from the reichstag, Colonel Berry will not quail.

Representative A. M. Dockery of Missouri, one of the Democratic floor leaders, is a constant theater goer. Nearly every night during the week he visits one of the Washington theaters. The congressman is generally alone on his tour of the playhouses. He appears to get considerable amusement out of the passing shows. His particular fancy runs toward minstrelsy. This is Mr. Dockery's last term in congress. He believes he can be elected governor of Missouri two years hence, and of his own free will he declined a renomination, preferring to take chances on the governorship. CARL SCHOFIELD.

He Knew.

"What kind of a tree is the hardest to climb?" asked the teacher.

"One that hain't got no limbs," little Albert replied.—Chicago News.

Evidently Prospering.

"Is your son succeeding in business?"

"I should say so. He has made enough to have his photograph taken sitting at his desk."—Chicago Record.

The Evening Kiss.

I am the happy father of a little lad of five,
A child whose fondness for me makes me glad that I'm alive,
His "By by, papa," uttered as I tear myself away,
Ever serves to keep me buoyant through the labors of the day.

He appears before the window, and he waves his little hand
As I hurry to the station where the toilers, waiting, stand,
And in the rush and jumble where I play my little part
Still his "By by, papa," echoes through the chambers of my heart.

Ah, wearily and dreamily the hours drag along
When he and I are parted and I mix into the throng!
How thankfully I hail the hour that ends the busy day!
How gleefully I put my work aside and haste away!

Why moves the train so slowly? Would that it were twice as fast!
But the longest journey ends, and I am home again at last.
I embrace my child and kiss him, then I reel and nearly fall—
He's been up against green onions, and he's eaten tops and all.

—Chicago News.

FARM AND GARDEN

GARDEN LETTUCE.

Confusion of Names—Two Varieties of Unusual Merit.

A most valuable and interesting feature of the second part of the tenth annual report of the Rhode Island station is a classification and description of the varieties of garden lettuce. Descriptive lists of the varieties of lettuce have already been published, but it is believed that there has been no recent classification based entirely on botanical characters. The kinds have been grouped as spring, summer and winter, and as cabbage, cutting and Cox lettuces, and then the names arranged in alphabetical order. But with this disposal any change in a name of variety is sure to lead to confusion. In this new classification the position of a kind of lettuce is approximately determined by certain botanical characters irrespective of the name. The descriptions of kinds which closely resemble each other are placed close together so that they can be readily compared and the minor differences

CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER LETTUCE.

noted. All of the descriptions have been prepared from carefully selected, well grown specimens. A major portion of the illustrations of lettuce heretofore have been quite as bad as the descriptions. The illustrations of the Rhode Island classification are mainly from photographs and therefore rich in detail and unquestionably accurate. Altogether, the plants from more than a thousand separate plantings of lettuce seed secured from leading seedsmen in the east, south, north and west, and also from Canada, England and France, have been available for the study of this species.

From the 69 varieties described and accompanied by 87 fine illustrations mention is here made of two attractive kinds:

California Cream Butter.—Leaves glossy green, blotched with red and shaded with red at least after light frosts, thick, elevations and depressions of the lamina, large and rounded, or those of the inner leaves pressed into folds, edges with conspicuous points on the sides and minute points where the veins terminate at the end. Plants large, 12 to 15 inches across, usually forming firm heads about four months after the seed is planted. A distinct variety, particularly good for private gardens. The leaves have a stronger flavor than those of the more delicate kinds, but to many tastes this is not objectionable—in fact, the leaves forming the heads are not usually excessively bitter. The vigorous constitution of the plants enables them to grow luxuriantly in soil that is not the best and in an atmosphere that is uncongenial. The form of the plant is like that of the white seeded Tennis Ball, and the two varieties appear to be nearly related, although they are very distinct.

Golden Queen.—Leaves short and broad, yellowish green, often shading to light yellow at the margins, edges smooth or with teeth only near the base, veins prominent, the lamina generally being depressed between them, at least when the plants are young. Base of midrib conspicuously shortened and thick, heads rounded, hard, weight four to eight ounces, texture crisp, free from excessive bitterness, base leaves few and small, seed white. A variety of unusual merit, either for field culture or forcing. The plants grow rapidly, and when well cared for they seldom fail to head. The heads average about the size or a little smaller than the white seeded Tennis Ball, and, like that variety, the plants go to seed rather quickly when grown in the open ground. The Golden Queen is recommended for growing under glass, because it is thought to be less subject to disease than the Boston Market, but it is doubtful if, on the whole, it is equal to that variety for forcing.

GOLDEN QUEEN.

How Garden Vegetables Keep Best.

Nearly all our garden vegetables will keep best in the winter by being where the temperature is nearly down to the freezing point, remarks The American Cultivator, but cabbages, parsnips and onions keep well if frozen solid and put in a dark place or covered from the sunlight until the frost is out of them. They should not be handled while frozen. Turnips, also, are not injured by being frozen and must also be thawed out in the dark before handling, but it gives to them a sweeter taste and milder flavor, which is a recommendation to some tastes and by others may be thought a fault. We have taken turnips, cabbages and onions and thawed them out in cold water for immediate cooking and thought they were no worse for the freezing.

The Quantrell Booty.

It is generally believed in Missouri that a great part of the booty taken by Quantrell and his famous raiders from Lawrence, Kan., in September, 1863, now lies buried in a great mound 150 feet high in Bates county, Mo. From time to time searching parties have dug great holes in the mound in search of the plundered treasure, but none has succeeded in finding anything. Another party of treasure seekers has now gone to the spot to take up the search, its members claiming to have found documentary evidence which will assist them.

Four States.

Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota and California were the four states of the country which by the federal census of 1890 had a larger foreign born than native born male population of voting age. The percentages were 53, 59, 65 and 50½, respectively. Wisconsin, Minnesota and North Dakota have a large Scandinavian population; California has many Chinese residents of voting age.

The Boys Won.

At a recent election in Hays City, Kan., a ticket composed of boys was run against the old men, and the boys won out in a canter. Fred Haffamier, the mayor, is barely 21, and only one of the councilmen is older than 23. Haffamier was born on the town site. Two of the councilmen were privates in the Twenty-first Kansas.

NOTICE OF OFFER

To sell One Thousand Shares of Stock in The Durham and Northern Railway Company, owned by the city of Durham.

At an adjourned meeting of the Board of Aldermen of the City of Durham, held on the 25th day of August, 1899, it was ordered by said Board that, "The entire stock owned by the City of Durham in The Durham and Northern Railway Company, be offered for sale, as a whole, in the following manner: The City Clerk shall advertise for sealed bids, for said stock, to be opened on the 14th day of September, 1899, at twelve o'clock M., the City reserving the right to reject any or all bids. Each bid must be accompanied by five hundred dollars in cash, or a certified check for that amount on some responsible bank, as an evidence of good faith on the part of the bidder, which shall be returned to the owner if the bid be not accepted.

"If a sale be made, the proceeds thereof shall be placed to the credit of the sinking fund, provided for the payment of the bonds issued by the Town of Durham in aid of The Durham and Northern Railway Company, under Chapter 140 of the Laws of 1887, and the interest or dividend arising therefrom shall be applied and used to reduce the taxes collected for said funds."

By virtue of the foregoing resolution, I will receive bids as therein provided, until twelve o'clock M. of the 14th day of September, 1899. The stock to be sold consists of One Thousand Shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each. It was issued to the Town (now City) of Durham, in exchange for bonds of the par value of one hundred thousand dollars after a subscription to that amount had been made by said Town. Persons desiring further information may address me or Victor S. Bryant, City Attorney, at Durham, N. C.

GEO. W. WOODWARD,
City Clerk.

August 27th, 1899.

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COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the case of Mary E. Millis executrix of the estate of J. W. Millis, deceased, vs. M. E. Millis, et al. I will expose for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on the 2nd day of October, 1899, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House of New Hanover county, in Wilmington, N. C., the following real estate in said city, to-wit:

A tract beginning at the intersection of Ninth and Wooster streets and running northwardly along 9th street 66 feet to Northrop and Cumming's line, thence westwardly parallel with Wooster street 110 feet, thence southwardly parallel with 9th street 66 feet to Wooster street, thence eastwardly along Wooster street to the beginning, being part of Lot No. 6, Block 66.

2nd. A tract of land commencing 110 feet from the intersection of 9th and Wooster and running northwardly parallel with 9th street 66 feet to Northrop and Cumming's line, thence westwardly along Wooster street 70 feet, thence southwardly parallel with 9th street 66 feet to Wooster street, thence eastwardly along with Wooster street 70 feet to the beginning, same being a part of Lot 6, Block 66.

3rd. A tract beginning at a point in the northern line of Wooster street 180 feet west of the western line of 9th street, running thence west with said line of Wooster street 67 feet, thence northwardly parallel with 8th street 66 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Wooster street 67 feet, thence southwardly parallel with 8th street 66 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 6, Block 66.

4th. A tract beginning in the northern line of Wooster street at a point 247 feet west of the western line of 11th street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Wooster street 65 feet, thence southwardly parallel with 10th street 66 feet, thence eastwardly with the northern line of Wooster street 65 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 6, Block 68.

5th. A lot beginning at a point in Lot 3, Block 38, 84 feet from the western line of 9th street, running thence northwardly parallel with 9th street 88 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Dawson street 33 feet, thence southwardly parallel with 9th street 88 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Dawson street 33 feet to the beginning, being part of Lots 2 and 3, Block 38.

6th. A tract beginning at the northwestern intersection of Mulberry and 14th street and running north with the western line of 14th street 101 feet, thence west parallel with Mulberry street about 80 feet to a drain or small branch, thence southeast and with the run of said drain or branch to the northern line of Mulberry street, thence with the northern line of Mulberry street east to the beginning, the same being less by 10 feet on 14th street than the whole Lot, and being the eastern end of Lot 5 and 6 in Block 470.

WILLIAM J. BELLAMY,
Commissioner.

sep 1 30t

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One Million Dollars,

OFFERS ABSOLUTE SECURITY TO DEPOSITORS.

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ACCOUNTS BOTH LARGE AND SMALL SOLICITED.

J. W. NORWOOD, President.
LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

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MINERAL WATERS.

Magnificent Mountain Climate.

HOTEL FIRST-CLASS. ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 300 GUESTS.

Rates Reasonable.

WRITE FOR DESCRIPTIVE FOLDER GIVING ANALYSIS OF WATER AND ENDORSEMENTS FROM SOME OF THE LEADING MEN OF THE STATE.

W. P. HALYBURTON,

Proprietor.

Postoffice, Piedmont Springs, N. C.

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Williamsburg, Va.

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LYON G. TYLER,
M. A., L.L. D.

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For Girls. Re-opens Sept. 28, 1899. 37th year.
Mrs. H. F. LEFEBVRE, Principal.
Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal.
122 and 124 W. Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.
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SEABOARD AIR LINE

S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:16 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 7:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 3:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 409—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 9:22 A. M., Shelby 10:10 A. M., Rutherfordton 11:25 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:55 P. M. Arrives Shelby 6:05 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 16—Leaves Hamlet 7:18 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. Ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
3 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	12 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 64.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 65.
8 00 a m	Lv....Bennettsville....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 55 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 32 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
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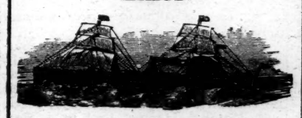
WILMINGTON, N. C.,

AND

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Sept. 2
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Sept. 9

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA.....Saturday, Sept. 2
NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Sept. 9

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA .....Tuesday, Aug. 29
NEW YORK.....Tuesday, Sept. 5

Steamer Oneida does not carry passengers.

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Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. aug 27 tf

Mortgage Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of mortgage made and executed by Prince C. Nixon and Gracie Ann Nixon to the Trustees of the Cape Fear Fire Engine Company No. 3 of the City of Wilmington, duly recorded in book 12, pages 637 et seq. of the records of New Hanover county, which was for value assigned to the undersigned on the 8th day of January, 1896, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will expose for sale on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, at the Court House door of the county of New Hanover, in Wilmington, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property in said deed of mortgage.

1st Lot. Beginning at a point in the eastern line of 12th street 132 feet south from its intersection with the southern line of Wooster street and running thence southwardly along the said western line of 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet, thence north and parallel with 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, Block 56.

2nd Lot. Beginning at the southeastern intersection of 14th and Chesnut streets, and running thence east along the southern line of Chesnut street 165 feet, thence south parallel with 14th street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Chesnut street 165 feet to the eastern line of 14th street, and thence north along said line of said street 66 feet to the beginning.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1899.

CHARITY HENRY.
By John D. Bellamy, Attorney. au 8 30t

GRAND NATIONAL PRIZE OF 16,600 FRANCS AT PARIS

QUINA-LAROCHE

"TWO FRIENDS"

Endorsed by the Medical Profession of the World as the Best Tonic for Convalescents from Yellow Fever, Typhoid Fever and All Malarial Troubles; it increases the Appetite, strengthens the Nerves and builds up the entire System.

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E. Fougera & Co., 26-30 N. William St., New York

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 31, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.43 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.35 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.33 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 3.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28, P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.00 P. M., Baltimore 2.23 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.06 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.20 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.05 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.05 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.29 A. M.; 5.25 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 7.18 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 6.

TRIAL TRIP OF THE BATTLESHIP KEARSARGE.

A Record of Seventeen and a Quarter Knots—Accomplishment Considered a Phenomenal One.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., September 5.—The official reading of the log gave the first-class battleship Kearsarge, which went on her trial trip to day, a record of seventeen and one quarter knots, which speed was maintained for nearly half an hour. Those interested in the construction of the splendid vessel consider her accomplishment a phenomenal one, in view of the fact that the course on which the forced draft was tried was in shallow water and that the vessel's bottom is in a pretty filthy condition, having been in the water continuously for nearly thirteen months. The steam and steering gear were subjected to the most severe tests, the immense mass of steel and iron responding to her wheel almost as readily as a steam launch. On one test she made a semi-circular turn in two and a half minutes. Capt. Folger, who is to command the Kearsarge, and the other naval officers on board, expressed themselves as highly pleased with the result of the trip.

The Kearsarge sailed at 6 A. M., in charge of Captain Faircloth. She was handled by a picked crew of two hundred men from the yard. She left the dock under her own steam and at once proceeded toward the capes. At Old Point, Captain Chester, who will command the Kentucky, sister ship of the Kearsarge, boarded the vessell. Here the anchor chain was tested. Proceeding to the neighborhood of the capes the compresses were adjusted and the big ship was put through the various paces necessary to test teh qualities of her steam steering gear. Passing out of the capes with the water curling high up on her prow, forced draft was put on and the remarkable speed noted above was attained. Twenty-two miles out from Cape Henry, the ship swung around and started on the return trip. Inside the capes on the return trip the hand-steering gear was tested and found satisfactory. The new bearer of the noble name of Admiral Winslow's old frigate then steamed back at a ten-knot trip. Both going out and coming back the Kearsarge received a noisy greeting. Many of the foreign ships passed dipped their colors and saluted the new warship with their whistles.

The Kearsarge steamed up to her dock at 6 P. M., with brooms lashed to her peak and masthead.

The trial was a success in every particular. All the armor and main battery of the Kearsarge is in place. Her secondary battery will be placed on board and she will go to New York for preparation for her official trial trip.

COTTON CROP CONDITIONS.

Weather Bureau's Weekly Report—Generally Favorable Notwithstanding Drought in Some Sections.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 5.—The following is the Weather Bureau's weekly summary of the crop conditions:

A very large part of the country is now suffering from drought of greater or less severity, and as high average temperatures have generally prevailed during the week ending September 4th, 1899, with no rain in nearly all districts suffering from lack of rain at the close of the previous week, the complaints of drought are more pronounced.

Very favorable weather conditions prevailed on the Atlantic coast, although drought continues in portions of New England and North Carolina. As a whole the week has been very favorable for early cotton, which has made rapid progress toward maturity, but has been less favorable to the late crop, premature ripening being generally reported, while cotton picking has been retarded by rains in portions of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and on the Texas coast; in other portions of the cotton belt rapid progress has been made. All reports indicate that the crop is opening rapidly, much prematurely. Reports of rust and shedding, as a rule, are less numerous and are confined principally to the central portion of the cotton belt. In portions of South Carolina, Georgia and Florida, it has sustained injury by rain, sprouting and rotting being reported from some sections; in Georgia, however, the general condition of the crop has improved, their being fewer reports of rust, with some new growth as a result of late rains.

The general condition of outstanding tobacco, which is maturing rapidly, is very favorable, and rapid progress has been made during the week in curing and housing.

MORMON ELDER MOBBED.

Forced to Withdraw Charges Against a Man Who Assaulted Him and Threatened With Lynching.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Sept. 5.—A mounted armed mob of some two hundred men took charge of a court, sheriff and litigants yesterday at Johnson Springs, Va., and by main force put a stop to the proceedings. For a time a wholesale lynching appeared inevitable.

Elder Joseph E. Wuffin, a Mormon, was murderously assaulted several nights ago from ambush, brutally beaten with clubs and kicked while unconscious on the ground. Fleming Ridley, a white farmer, was arrested as a leader in the attack on the charge of assault with intent to murder. He was arraigned for trial this morning, and soon after armed horsemen surrounded the court house and detailed a committee to notify the court that the proceedings must stop. A second committee took charge of the elder and threatened to lynch him unless he agreed to withdraw the prosecution and leave the county. Fearing they would carry their threats into execution, he withdrew the case. The prisoner was liberated by the mob. Wuffin remarked that there was no justice in Virginia, whereupon the members of the mob replied: "No law for Mormons except to kill them."

The United States training ship Monongahela, several days overdue, from Funchal, passed in the Virginia capes at 6.40 yesterday morning, and anchored, after signalling: "Report we are well."

If you wish to sell a farm or city property place it in the hands of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency. R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

LOOKS BRIGHTER FOR DREYFUS.

Prisoner's Counsel Make Personal Appeal to Emperor William and King Humbert

FOR ATTACHES TO TESTIFY.

Step Fraught With Momentous Consequences—Their Depositions Would Make Acquittal of Dreyfus Certain—May Prolong Trial.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RENNES, September 5.—M. Labori this afternoon telegraphed personal appeals to Emperor William and King Humbert to grant permission to Col. Schwartzkoppen and Colonel Panizzardi, German and Italian attaches in Paris, in 1894, to come to Rennes to testify in the trial of Captain Dreyfus.

This is the news of the day and the chief topic of conversation in the cafes and resorts of the journalists this evening. The appeal was couched in eloquent terms, invoking the assistance of their majesties in the name of justice and humanity. They are quite supplementary to the formal application that will be made by the government commissary, Major Carriere.

The demand of M. Labori that the court martial should issue process, subject to the approval of the two sovereigns, came like a thunder-bolt at to-day's session. The step is fraught with momentous consequences, as it affords Emperor William an opportunity again to assume his favorite role of arbiter of the destinies of the world. No one will be surprised if Colonel Schwartzkoppen, in the name of the Kaiser, makes a declaration that will practically decide the result of the trial.

Views of Counsel.

Both Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi must consult their respective sovereigns before starting, but the counsel for Dreyfus fully expect them to arrive here, if they come at all, in time to give their testimony on Thursday, in which case the trial would probably conclude this week and the verdict be delivered on Friday or Saturday.

This is the view that obtains this evening, differing somewhat from the feeling earlier in the day,

Colonel Jouaust told M. Demange at the close of the session that if he received official notification that Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi were coming to depose, he would be prepared to adjourn the trial pending their arrival.

An adjournment of forty-eight hours would probably give them time to get here. A remarkable circumstance, and one that is significant of the relations between the eminent advocates who are conducting the defence, is the fact that M. Labori telegraphed the German Emperor and the King of Italy on his own initiative, without consulting or advising M. Demange.

Dreyfus Will be Acquitted.

The appearance of Cols. Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi would be the most sensational as well as the most important incident of the entire trial. Their depositions would be a formal and emphatic declaration that they never had any relations with the accused and they would make such a statement that the court must order an acquittal. Those who are in the confidence of the counsel entrusted with the defence express a firm conviction that Dreyfus will now be acquitted. Nevertheless, one of the most prominent generals with whom the correspondent of the Associated Press conversed to-day, declared himself "quite pleased with the progress of the trial thus far" and confident of a conclusion "eminently satisfactory to the prosecution."

Prosecution's Last Straw.

To-morrow's session will open with closed doors to hear from Cernuschi, the Austrian political refugee, the name of the foreign attache already mentioned as admitting that he had received treasonable documents from Dreyfus. The remainder of his evidence will be given in public Cernuschi will be subjected to a searching cross-examination. The prosecution relies upon him as a last straw. He was interviewed this evening by several journalists, and asserted that he has in his possession documents to prove every word of his statement yesterday.

The Foreign Agent.

According to a rumor now going the rounds, the name of the foreign agent, who, as Cernuschi declares, showed him documents from Dreyfus revealing French military secrets, is Gerschell. The latter is said to be an Austrian officer, who passed three months in Paris about the time that Dreyfus was arrested.

It is reported this evening that the Minister of War, General The Marquis De Guillafet, has sent orders to the Generals and other military witnesses to leave Rennes and return to their respective posts within two hours after the conclusion of the depositions and not to be present during the pleadings. They will thus be absent when the verdict is delivered. General Mercier, being on the retired list, is not affected by this order, but General Roget, Gonse and de Boisdeffre must go. These orders are intended not only to avert a demonstration in favor of the Generals, accompanied probably by serious disorders, but also to prevent the moral effect of their presence in the court room while the judges are deliberating as to their verdict, and perhaps to prevent something even worse than moral influence.

Opening Proceedings.

The court martial opened with a secret session, at which the secret espionage dossier, mentioned by Captain Cuignet yesterday, was read.

Cernuschi, the Austro-Hungarian refugee, was not examined to-day, but will be examined by the court in camera to-morrow.

The open sitting was resumed at 8 o'clock. M. Labori presented a preamble and motion, asking that the government commissioner request the government to ask the power or powers concerned through diplomatic channels for communication of the documents enumerated in the paper called bordereau. M. Labori said that he had notified the government commissioner to name Colonels Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi as witnesses before the court martial, if they are willing to testify before it. In conclusion he said: "The moment is very near when truth and light are about to break forth showing the innocence of the accused."

In reply Major Carriere said the mission which the defence sought to impose upon the government was very delicate. In some respects he regarded the performance of the mission impossible. He could not conceive of one government addressing such a request to another. He intimated that the defence might get the documents. He saw no reason why Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi should not be examined if they cared to testify. The court, however, would have to judge.

After a brief desultory interchange of remarks, the court retired to deliberate over the application of Labori for an order upon the government commissary to request the French government to invite foreign governments to supply documents enumerated in the bordereau.

It was unanimousiy decided to reject the application of M. Labori, on the ground that the court did not consider itself competent to pronounce a judgment which might entail diplomatic action by the government. It was also decided unanimously to examine M. De Cernuschi to-morrow behind closed doors.

At 11.50 A. M. the court adjourned for the day.

In view of the rejection by the court martial of M. Labori's motion, the defence intend to issue subpœnas to Colonel Schwartzkoppen and Panizzardi. The subpœnas will be transmitted by the court martial through the minister of war, the minister of justice and the minister of foreign afiairs, successively, and thence through the French ambassadors at Berlin and Rome. This means weeks of delay.

GRAND ARMY ENCAMPMENT.

A Gala Day in Philadelphia—Immense Parade—President McKinjey—The Naval Squadron.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, September 5.—This was the gala day of the Grand Army emcampment. Thousands of people thronged the streets all day long; the long line of veterans who participated in the annual parade was cheered to the echo by a compact mass of spectators that covered the entire five miles of route and the President's inspection of the naval squadron was the greatest marine spectacle ever seen here. The presence of the presidential party aroused the greatest enthusiasm everywhere.

The day's events were inaugurated by a formal call upon the President by Admiral Sampson and the captains of the fleet, after which the presidential party proceeded in carriages over the route of parade. The parade was an immense one and in the crush of spectators four hundred men, women and children were overcome and carried to hospitals. The line occupied six hours and ten minutes passing. Post Number 1, from Rockford, Ill., headed it. An interesting feature was a chorus of three thousand children, occupying part of the grand stand, who sang patriotic airs. When the Ohio posts appeared the aged paraders became wild with enthusiasm. One broke ranks and standing before his comrades, shouted: "Three cheers for the biggest man on earth—Major William McKinley, of Ohio." The appeal was followed by tremendous cheers.

President McKinley's speech was the feature of the ceremony of official welcome to the G. A. R. held at the Academy of Music to-night. He pictured the narrowing of the circle of veterans and said that the union is stronger, better and dearer with the American people to-day than ever before in history. "We are one now and forever," he said. "One people—one in faith, one in purpose, willing to sacrifice our lives for the honor of our country and the glory of our flag. The Blue and the Gray march under one flag—we have but one flag now—the same that our grandfathers lifted up; the same our fathers bore, and that flag you kept stainless and made triumphant forever."

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

So Far Forty Cases and Five Deaths at Key West, Florida.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 5.—A telegram from Surgeon Carter, of the Marine Hospital service, to Surgeon General Wyman, reports that to date there have so far been twenty eight cases of yellow fever at Key West, three of which have proved fatal.

Arrangements have been made with the Mallory Line for a ship to bring the garrison from Key West, which has been ordered moved on account of yellow fever. It is the present intention of the War Department to send them to Fort McPherson, Atlanta.

Forty Cases and Five Deaths.

KEY WEST, September 5.—Dr. Porter, chief executive of the State Board of Health, sent the following yellow fever dispatch to-day:

"There have been about forty cases and five deaths. The disease is slowly spreading. The hospital has been organized and the island is well patrolled by water. The Tortugas will be used as a detention camp, which will be opened in three or four days. There is no excitement in Key West.

Dr. Porter also wired the State Board of Health at Jacksonville, to "inform the various State quarantine stations to re disinfect all vessels coming from Government quarantine stations."

RAPIDLY ASSUMING SHAPE.

Preparations for the Reception of Admiral Dewey in Washington City.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September 5.—Preparations for the reception of Admiral Dewey in this city are rapidly assuming shape, and from the programme, even in its present incomplete condition, the celebration will be one of the most noteworthy that has ever occurred in Washington. The admiral's reception here will be largely in the nature of an official function, as its central feature will be the presentation of the magnificent sword voted him by Congress. The celebration will take place on the night of October 2nd or 3rd. There will be an imposing parade at night, in which all available naval and military forces of the United States, the District National Guard, military bodies from States throughout the Union and many organized civil bodies will participate. There will be a general illumination of the city and the procession will be reviewed by President McKinley and Admiral Dewey. The Governors of all the States and territories have been invited to be present.

IN THE THIRD ROUND.

Kid McCoy Knocked Out Goeffrey Thorn at the Broadway Club.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, September 5.—Kid McCoy knocked out Goeffrey Thorn, of England, in the third round, at the Broadway Athletic Club to-night. The attendance was five thousand. McCoy was in excellent condition and determined to wipe out the stain his reputation received by the Jack McCormick knock-out at Chicago. There was little betting, the Kid being a 100 to 30 favorite. Each of the men weighed less than 158 pounds.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

WILL NOT WAIT FOR ULTIMATUM.

Boers Will Take the Initiative On First Suspicious Move of the British.

A MATTER OF SHORT TIME.

British Cabinet Council Summoned to meet Friday—In the Meantime War Preparations Are Hurried—Activity in Government Circles.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, September 5.—The latest news received in this city from various points in South Africa is vague and contradictory. Nothing more is known regarding the negotiations between Great Britain and the Transvaal than that learned yesterday.

The officials of the British war office emphatically deny that the reserves have been called out or that any steps have been taken to that end.

The afternoon newspapers follow the lead of the morning papers in taking an extremely grave view of the situation, although the war office denial somewhat tends to allay the wildly alarmist reports current late last night.

The opinion of those who regard the beginning of a war between Great Britain and the Transvaal as only a matter of a short time is voiced by the *St. James Gazette*, which says to day:

News is Very Grave.

"The news concerning the crisis is very grave. We learn that three more infantry brigades have been ordered to Cape Colony including the Gordons, of Dargai fame; one battalion of the Highland Black Watch, and the second battalion of the Cameronians. These regiments are under orders to be ready to leave at twenty-four hours notice. The officers and men are delighted at the prospect of active service. In service circles war is considered absolutely certain. The admiralty have a number of transports ready to convey troops to Cape Colony. The Boaes while procrastinating in regard to their reply, have been making every preparation for war and contemplating raiding the Natal frontier.

"Laing's Neck which is the sole route frow the Transvaal to Natal is undefended."

CAPE TOWN, September 5.—Arrangements are being completed for safeguarding telegraphic communication with the Cape in case of war between Great Britain and the Transvaal. Refugees to the number of 147 have arrived here.

A million cartridges have been forwarded to Pietermaritzburg, capital of the British territory of Natal.

Many Dutch farmers are leaving Bechuanaland for the purpose of forming a laager across the frontier.

John Morley's Views.

LONDON, September 5.—Right Hon. John Morley, Liberal member of Parliament for Monteroseburgh, addressing his constituents this evening at Arbreath, dwelt upon the necessity of so shaping British policy in dealing with the Transvaal as not to divide the white races. "There could not be," said Mr. Morley, "a more insensate example of human folly than a war that would bring added burdens. We do not wish to be a pirate empire and war with the Transvaal would mean deep dishonor."

British Cabinet Council Called.

The premier, the Marquis of Salisbury, will come to London to day (Wednesday) from Walmer, to confer with the secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, and a cabinet council has been summoned for Friday. Urgent messages have been sent to all the ministers requesting their attendance.

There is great activity at the admiralty, the war office and the colonial office.

General Lord Wolseley, field marshal and commander-in-chief, is in daily communication with the war office, as are also General Sir Evelyn Wood, adjutant general to the forces, and Colonel Hector Archibald MacDonald, aide-de-camp to the Queen.

The *Daily Mail* expresses the opinion that the "next move will be an ultimatum, unless President Kruger yields." It declares that 15,000 men is the outside number that the Transvaal government can put into the field.

Boers Will Take the Offensive.

The Berlin correspondent of the *Daily Mail* says:

"I learn from Boer sources that reliable news has been received at The Hague from Pretoria to the effect that President Kruger will not give Mr. Chamberlain time to send an ultimatum, but will take advantage of the first suspicious move of the British troops on the border to assume the offensive."

The Johannesburg correspondent of the *Standard* says:

"There seems to be some ground for supposing that the peace party at Pretoria has gained a temporary advantage as the result of the influence of Mr. Fischer, the special representative of the Orange Free State.

BERLIN, September 6.—The *Neueste Nachrichten*, commenting upon the news that the Germans in the Transvaal are forming a league to help the Boers, says:

"We fear that this offer will entice the Transvaal government to carry their resistance against England further than advisable."

Other German papers continue to warn President Kruger that he need not hope to receive the least help from Europe.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, September, 5.—Baltimore, 8; Boston, 4.

New York, 5; Brooklyn, 16.

Pittsburg, 7; Chicago, 13.

Washington, 10; Philadelphia, 18.

First game—Cleveland, 3; Cincinnati, 19. Second game—Cleveland, 7; Cincinnati, 9.

St. Louis—Louisville, 4; St. Louis, 4. Game called at end of ninth inning on account of darkness.

NATIVE SCOUTS.

A Band of One Hundred Organized to Operate Under Direction of Lawton.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, September 5.—Lieutenant Batson, of the Fourth cavalry, has organized a band of one hundred Macabebe scouts, who will operate under the direction of Major General Lawton. All of them were former Spanish volunteers. They will be uniformed and will be armed with Kraag-Jorgensen rifles. The Macabebes will have a flag-raising and barbecue on Sunday next.

DARIEN RIOT TRIALS.

Twenty-two of the Rioters Convicted and Sentenced—The Rape Case to be Tried To-day.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DARIEN, GA., September 5.—The riot trials were concluded to-day with the conviction of four and the acquittal of four of the accused. The conviction, aggregated twenty-two, and the acquittals about half as many. Sentence was passed on those convicted. Six received the maximum penalty of $1,000 fine each, and one year in the chain gang, and sixteen were fined $250 and twelve month, in the chain gang.

Henry Delagal, who will be put on trial for rape to-morrow, and out of which case grew the riots, was brought from Savannah this afternoon under a strong military guard. John Delagal, who secured a change of venue to Effingham county and will be put on trial next week, was taken to Savannah for safe-keeping under a strong military guard. By order of the Governor, the troops which have been stationed here for nearly two weeks were discharged this evening.

AT HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA.

Southern Industrial Convention to be Held in October Next.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., September 5.—The board of Managers of the Southern Industrial convention to be held here October 10-14, have arranged a programme for the five days during which the governors of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Missouri, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia will deliver addresses.

The subject of "Resources and Industrial Advantages" will be discussed by Governors Johnson, of Alabama, Jones, of Arkansas, Bloxham, of Florida, Candler, of Georgia, Bradley, of Kentucky, McSweeney, of South Carolina, McMillin of Tennessee, Tyler of Virginia, Atkinson of West Virginia, Foster, of Louisiana, Stephens of Missouri and Russell of North Carolina.

PEACE IN SAN DOMINGO.

The Whole Republic Has Joined in the Revolutionary Movement.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SAN DOMINGO, September 5.—The provisional government which arrived here to-day, met with a splendid reception. Festivals of all kinds had been prepared by the people, who are anxious to demonstrate their satisfaction at the change of government. The whole republic has joined the revolution and at present peace is reigning.

WARM WIRELETS.

Jno. Y. McKane died at his home in Coney Island last night; aged 58 years.

Rev. W. G. Starr, D. D., pastor of Broad street Methodist church, of Richmond, Va., is elected president of Randolph Macon College, Ashland, Va.

Rear Admiral Sampson confirms the report that he has asked to be relieved of the command of the North Atlantic squadron after the Dewey reception at New York.

Yesterday was the hottest day in Chicago since the establishment of the weather bureau there in 1871. At 3 P. M. the government thermometer registered 98 degrees.

Wash Thacker, a deputy sheriff of Clay county, Ky., shot from ambush and killed. Sheriff Beverly White is in pursuit of the murderers with a posse of fifty men.

The State of Mississippi refuses to quarantine against New Orleans on account of the fever there. Official advices say that through freight is now moving out of New Orleans.

Admiral Dewey expresses a favorable opinon as to the outcome of the war in the Philippines islands, saying that he hoped the next dry season would see the insurrection quelled.

Bishop Pierce, Episcopal Bishop of Arkansas, died yesterday at Fayetteville, Ark. Bishop Pierce has for more than twenty-five years been Bishop of Arkansas and was the first to hold this position.

The Pittsburg Bridge Company and Charles M. Peasley, superintendent, are held responsible by a Chicago coroner's jury for the death of eleven men who were killed in the collapse of the arches of the colliseam during its course of construction on August 28.

Gov. Candler was asked yesterday to send a Gatling gun to Brunswick. The request comes because of the implied threat in a statement recently made by a negro editor, that armed negroes were ready to sustain him in whatever he said of did.

By the capsizing of the yacht Ahadia in Sheepscot Bay yesterday, five persons were drowned. The victims were Dr. John H. Steadman, William Nason, Harry Higgins, Frank Avery, all of Georgetown, and James A. Martin or Boston.

In the finest kind of sailing breeze yesterday the cup defender, Columbia, defeated the Defender by three minutes eleven seconds, over a twenty-mile course, ten miles to windward and return. The race was for a cup offered by Colonel William Goddard, of Providence.

While digging a well on Lookout mountain, Tenn., G. H. Harnagin and others discovered gold quartz in large quantities. The gold vein was struck about six miles from Chattanooga, and gives evidence of being a rich one. The discovery has caused a great deal of excitement.

Brief Mention.

The disease of cotton generally known as "cotton rust" are, according to Professor Anderson of South Carolina, not caused by a rust fungus, but are due to the cropping of the land year after year in cotton, and, as is well known, can often be remedied by adding kainit to the soil.

Spanish peanuts raised on a poor, sandy Alabama upland, which in the investigator's opinion would not have produced over 200 pounds of lint cotton per acre, worth from $10 to $12, gave profit at the rate of $18.34 per acre as forage for pigs. The expense of cultivating the peanuts was less than for a similar area of cotton and the soil was benefited by the manure and the peanut vines.

A Texas exchange says that whole trainloads of peas and beans come into that state every year from Kansas, Michigan, New York, California and other faraway states. Texas doesn't raise them, although it can. The wholesalers sell them to the local merchants, who sell them to the people at 50 times the cost of raising them.

A Southern Cultivator correspondent thinks it well to look to forest and stream for sources of income, as the demand for lumber, hard wood and staves is increasing and factories are coming south.

ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS COLDS EFFECTUALLY
OVERCOMES HEADACHES & FEVERS
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY
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For Rent—Residence next to Y. M. C. A., North Front street. Apply to M. O'Brien. sept 3 3t*

Photographs—Platino paper, Carbonet tones, up-to-date instruments, latest style scenery, polite attention and a deposit at sitting accounts for our many happy customers. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. sep 1 tf

I Am Agent for the "Randolf" Buggy and also of other work. Come and see me when in need of Buggies and Harness. P. H. Hayden. aug 3 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. S. Winstead, Second street, corner postoffice green. jy 20 tf

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. R. R. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. fe 11 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the

Average Profits

of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER Secretary. fe 10 tf

FIRST ARRIVAL.

86 half barrels

First Catch Mullets

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE BY

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WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.		Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.		7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M.		11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.		3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.		6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.		10.00 P. M.
	SUNDAY.	
10.10 A. M.		11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.		6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.		9.00 P. M.

aug 1 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

At The Unlucky.

SPEAKING of Tea.

I am selling a blended Tea for that beats the world and cannot be replaced for 40c. **35c**

Try it.

Don't you love Stuffed Mango Pickles? We have them, and my, don't they taste good.

A rasher of Bacon, cut from one of our delicious "Harvey" Strips, will make your mouth water. So crisp and delicate.

My 'Phones are 109.

S. W. SANDERS.

jy 18 tf

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e 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

THE NORTH CAROLINA
College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts

Offers a thorough practical education in all branches of Agriculture, in Cotton Manufacturing, in Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, in Architecture and in the Industrial Sciences, Chemistry, Biology and Physics. Regular courses, special courses, short courses.
Total annual expenses, including board fuel, lights, etc., $118.50.
One hundred and twenty scholarships carrying free tuition and lodging are open to needy boys. Appointments made by any member of the Legislature.

ELEVENTH SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 6TH, 1899.

Candidates for admission may be examined in each county court house at 10 A. M., AUGUST 19TH, 1899, by the County Superintendent, or at the College in Raleigh, SEPTEMBER 5TH 1899.
For catalogue, address

aug 8 tf PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON, WEST RALEIGH, N. C.

BROKEN GLASSES.

Nothing so annoys the person who is compelled to rely on artificial aid for good vision, as to have a "break down," and not be able to get it quickly remedied. It brings one to a realization of the blessing bestowed upon mankind by the invention of Spectacles. We are prepared for prompt action in repairing broken glasses. Doesn't matter where you got yours, we can duplicate the most complicated lenses, or any part of the frame, on short notice—at low prices.

Dingelhoef Bros.,

OCULO OPTICIANS.

sep 3 tf PARLOR NO. 123. MARKET STREET.

NEW CARPETS

Axminsters,
Tapestries,
Extra Supers,
Unions and Cotton Chains,

- - NEW RUGS, - -

Art Squares and Mattings,
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Lace Curtains, Portierres,
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All Carpets made and laid promptly by Competent Workmen, and satisfaction guaranteed. A lot of BEAUTIFUL SCREENS, both filled and not filled. Those having homes to furnish should see all of the above goods before placing their orders.

Agent for Butterick's Patterns and Her Majesty's Corsets.

A. D. BROWN,

sep 3 tf

SUITS TO MEASURE.

Our lines of Fall and Winter Goods are now open, and we will take great pleasure in showing them. We have just returned from the market, where we selected the handsomest lot of English, French, Scotch and Domestic Cassimeres, Cheviots, Worsteds, etc., ever shown in this city.

Our line of "Vicunas" cannot be surpassed by any one.

This season finds us with an up-to-date line of samples, which we have made North. Drop in and look them over. The latest ideas **in Furnishing Goods.**

M. H. CURRAN,

aug 31 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

The C. W. Polvogt Co

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

We have just received a quantity of Warner's Rust Proof Corsets,

Price $1.00,

and every pair warranted.

Our New Carpets are arriving daily, and the busy season in this department has begun. See our well selected stock before you make your purchases.

NEW FALL GOODS will be on display during this week, as our Buyer is North, selecting our Fall and Winter stock.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

Write for Samples.

sep 3 tf

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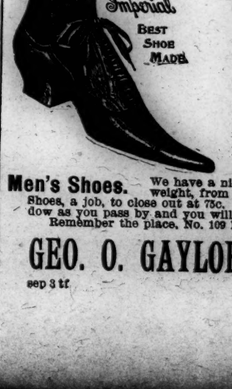

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Our customers cannot understand how it is that we can sell Shoes so much cheaper than any one else. Well, that is easy explained:
1st. Our Shoes are bought close
2nd. We do not make two profits on one pair of Shoes.
3rd. We give every customer one hundred cents value in return for his $1.00. That is the whole thing in a nutshell.

Ladies's Shoes. Ladies' fine button Boots $1.25 to $3.00 Ladies' fine lace Shoes, latest style, from $1.00 to $2.00.

Men's Shoes. We have a nice line of Men's Tan Shoes, latest style toe, Winter weight, from $1.25 to $3.50. We have 300 pairs of Gent's and Ladies' Shoes, a job, to close out at 75c. The hard cash buys Cheap Shoes. Look in our Window as you pass by and you will see values that will astonish you. Remember the place, No. 109 Market street, TERMS CASH.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S NEW SHOE STORE.

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